

# Richard Price Chief Executive, Office of Rail Regulation

2e conférence économique de l'ARAF

26 May 2014

- 1. What is ORR and what does it do?
- 2. The periodic review and incentives
- 3. The incentive framework



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#### A combined independent regulator for the sector

**Economic regulation** of
railway infrastructure
- Network Rail, HS1
& Ch Tunnel (+HS2)

Health & safety
authority for the whole
rail industry

**Crown Prosecutor**, to enforce health & safety law

Consumer and competition authority – powers concurrent with the CMA

Development of **European** rail markets & regulation



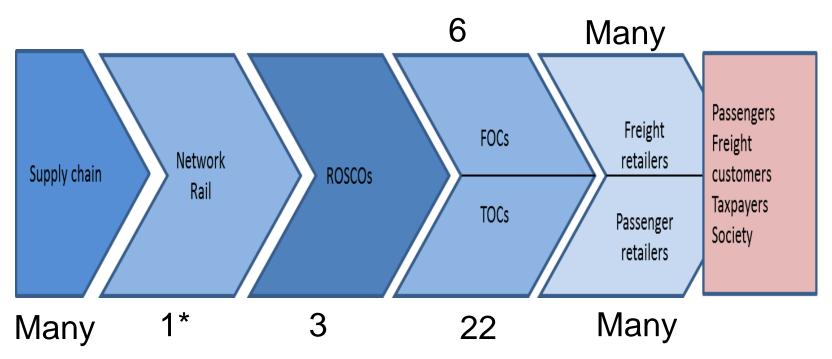
OFFICE OF RAIL REGULATION

Set and enforce UK
technical
standards &
licencing in rail

Performance monitoring & official data (ONS accredited) Track access regulation & appeals (including for Open Access)

Highways Agency
monitor role

#### The rail industry's value chain



**ROSCOS: Rolling Stock companies** 

FOCs: Freight companies TOCs: Passenger operators

\* Plus High Speed 1

Source: Office of Rail Regulation



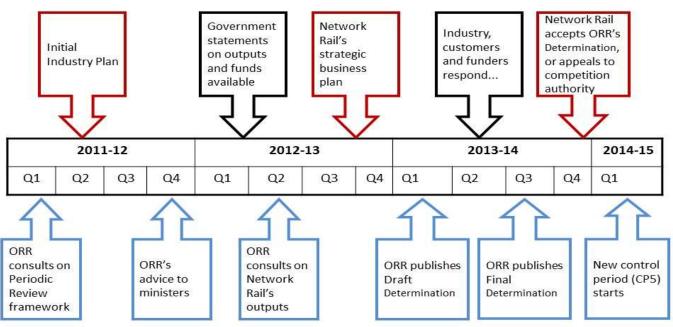


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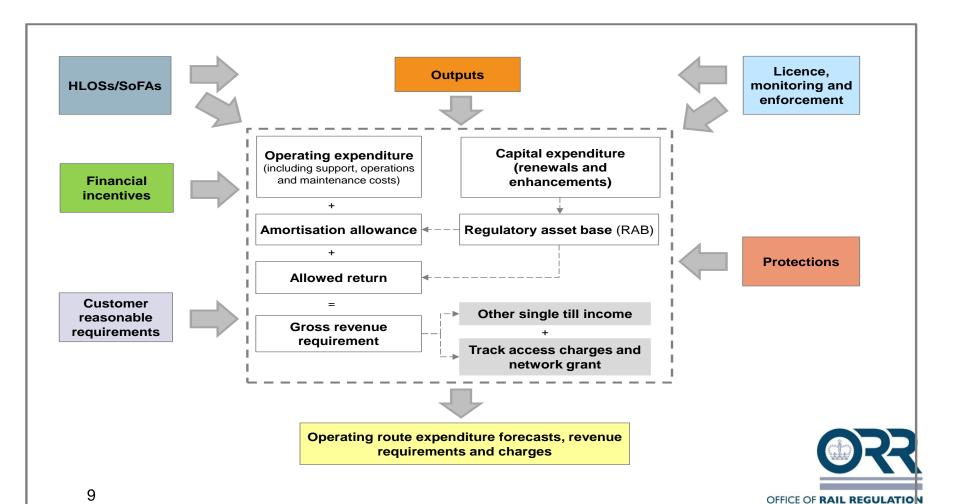
## 2013 Periodic Review of Network Rail's charges and outputs: timeline

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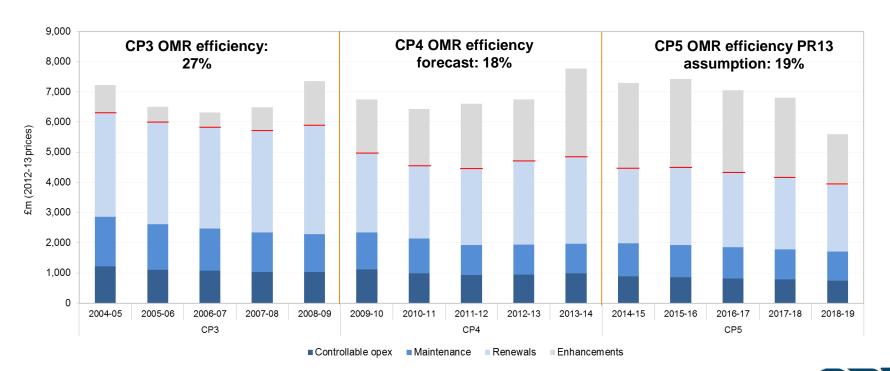


### Building blocks of a Periodic Review



# Network Rail efficiency gains are being re-invested in new capacity

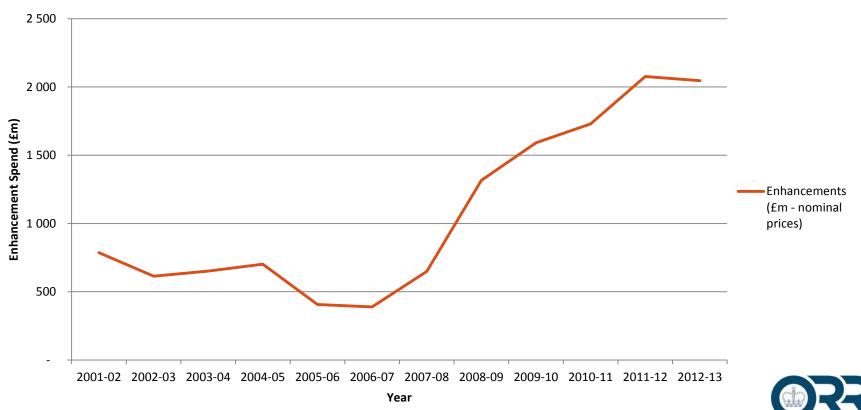
#### Cumulative efficiency gains of £9.3 billion since 2004





# New investment has quadrupled, and will stay at this level up to 2019

#### **Network Rail Spend on Enhancements since 2001-02**



OFFICE OF RAIL REGULATION

#### What will be different in CP5



Train operators will have more say in the specification and effectiveness of enhancement projects and over how punctuality is delivered

Freight will see further investment in infrastructure across Great Britain, with £230m ring-fenced for freight specific schemes





#### What will be different in CP5

**Passengers** will benefit from a major programme of enhancements, extra capacity and higher standards of punctuality and

reliability





Safety improvements will continue to be a priority. Extra funding approved in certain safety critical areas including maintenance and civils renewals

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#### 3. The incentive framework

- Contractual incentives
- Financial incentives
- Reputational incentives
- Earned autonomy

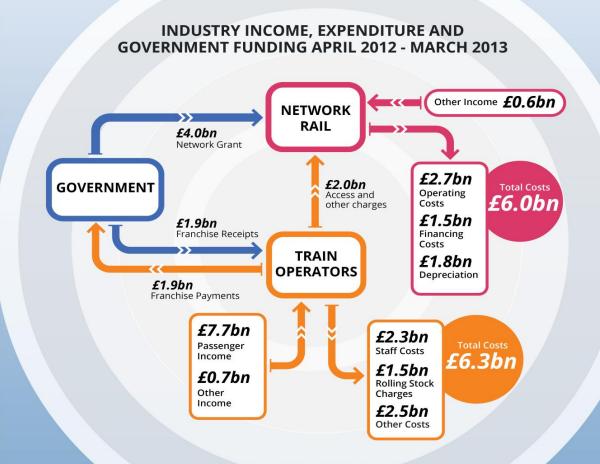


#### 3. The incentive framework

- Contractual incentives examples:
  - Possessions regime
  - Performance regime
- Financial incentives
- Reputational incentives
- Earned autonomy



### Rail funding comes from various sources





#### 3. The incentive framework

- Contractual incentives
- Financial incentives examples:
  - Route-level efficiency benefit sharing
  - Volume incentive
- Reputational incentives
- Earned autonomy



#### Already moving away from uni-polar infrastructure



#### **Today**

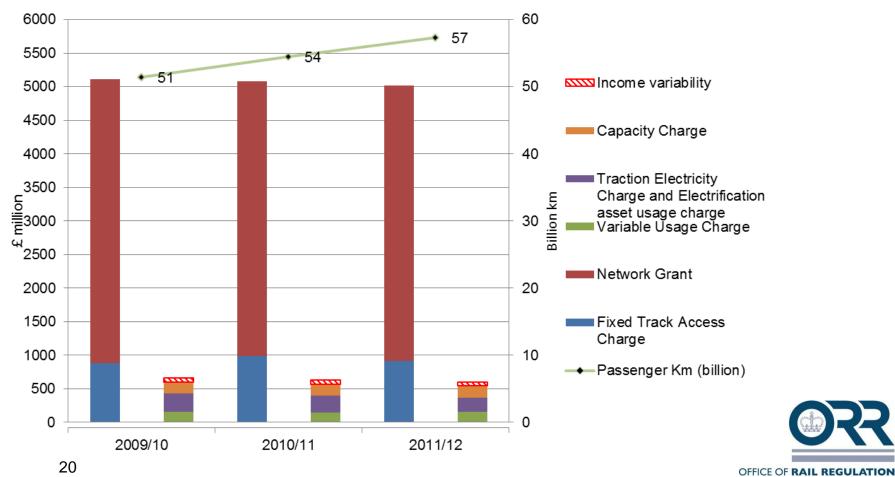
Limited concession (PPP) for HS1
South West Alliance
Limited devolution outside England
Metropolitan transport authorities

#### Future?

Further route alliances?
Full devolution to Scotland?
Mainline route concessions or sale?
Local public partnerships?
HS2 – concession for infrastructure?



### Weak commercial growth incentives



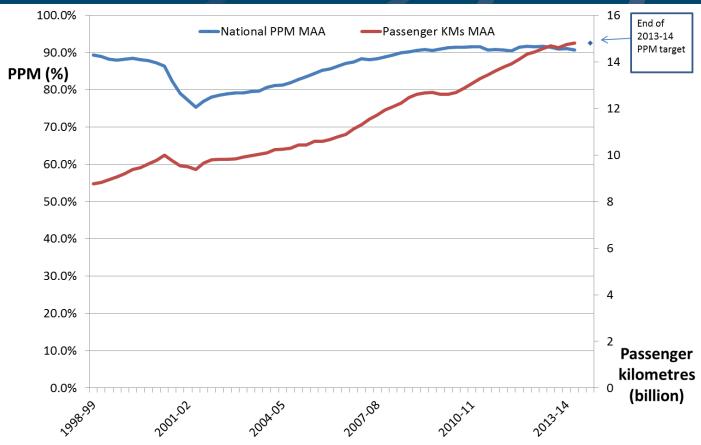
Source: Network Rail Regulatory Accounts, Office of Rail Regulation National Rail Trends

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#### Punctuality/reliability improvements over the last 10 years

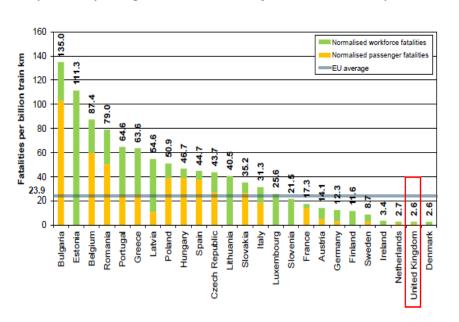


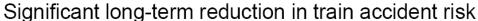


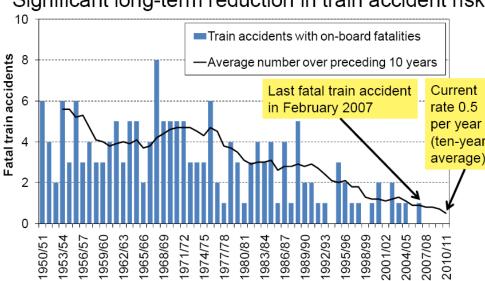


### Value of safety regulation-reduced harm

Comparison of passenger and workforce fatality rates across the European Union railways, 2007-11



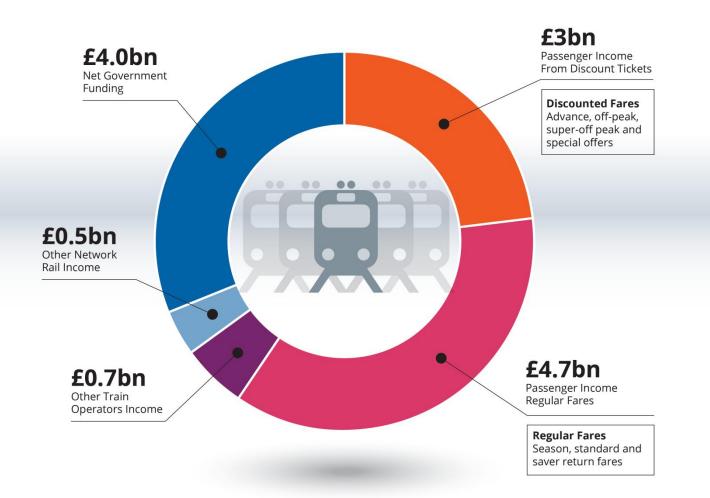




Steady improvement in safety –amongst the best in Europe



# Government still contributes one-third of whole-industry revenue directly





Better performance for passengers

### A **Sater** railway

- Assets gripped
- Resilient to climate change
- £99m for level crossing safety

trains on time Safe & sustainable maintenance

No line left behind:

£12b investment

ailway

More capacity

Including...

- Northern Hub
- Thameslink
- Crossrail
- Welsh Valley lines
- Edinburgh-Glasgow
- Electrification
- Freight network

with the forestment investments

Mortes say this tape cat as environment improvements achieved for their customers

savings

from Network Rail's plans ...day-to-day cost of the railway down to £21½bn over 5 years.

Train operators and passengers have a bigger say on the spec and delivery of a better railway

£400m

extra to put right decades of neglect on embankments, bridges, tunnels

19.5% efficiency

by 2019, building on over the last decade

Debt

% reduction in day-to-day costs per passenger mile by 2019 The McNulty

efficiency challenge for **Network Rail** addressed - more to do across the wider industry

within our limit, In line with othe

ORR's Final Determination for Network Rail, Oct 2013

